

**University of Mumbai**  
**Examination June 2021**

**Examinations Commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> June 2021**

Program: Computer Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: CSDLO6022 and Course Name: Adv. Database System

Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 80

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| <b>Q1.</b> | <b>Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks</b>                            |
| 1.         | The type of file which provides fast access to records under certain search conditions. This organization is usually called a               |
| Option A:  | Heap File   |
| Option B:  | Hash File   |
| Option C:  | Sequential File   |
| Option D:  | Direct File   |
| 2.         | In Multilevel Indexing the index which leaves some space in each of its blocks for inserting new entries is called                          |
| Option A:  | Dynamic Multilevel Index  |
| Option B:  | Dense Index   |
| Option C:  | Primary Index   |
| Option D:  | Clustering Index  |
| 3.         | When the hash field value of a record that is being inserted hashes to an address that already contains a different record. It is called as |
| Option A:  | Indexing  |
| Option B:  | Hashing   |
| Option C:  | Collision   |
| Option D:  | Chaining  |
| 4.         | Semi -join is generally used for unnesting -----subqueries.   |
| Option A:  | Not In  |
| Option B:  | All   |
| Option C:  | Not Exists  |
| Option D:  | Exists  |
| 5.         | The processor that has task of running the query code, whether in compiled or interpreted mode, to produce query result.                    |
| Option A:  | Runtime Database Processor  |
| Option B:  | Query Graphic Processor   |
| Option C:  | Parser Runtime Processor  |
| Option D:  | Query Optimizer Processor   |
| 6.         | The algorithms that are suitable for sorting large files of records stored on disk that do not fit entirely in main memory                  |
| Option A:  | Internal Sorting  |

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Option B: | Secondary sorting   |
| Option C: | Parser Sorting  |
| Option D: | external Sorting  |
|           |   |
| 7.        | Which type of expression is represented by Query Graph?   |
| Option A: | Tuple Relational Calculus   |
| Option B: | Simple Expressions  |
| Option C: | Relational Algebra  |
| Option D: | Relational Calculus   |
|           |   |
| 8.        | The real use of the Two-phase commit protocol is _____  |
| Option A: | Deadlock will not occur.  |
| Option B: | Concurrency control can be avoided.   |
| Option C: | Atomicity, i.e, all-or-nothing commits at all sites.  |
| Option D: | Both Availability and Robustness.   |
|           |   |
| 9.        | In log based recovery, log is a sequence of   |
| Option A: | Filter  |
| Option B: | Records   |
| Option C: | Blocks  |
| Option D: | Numbers   |
|           |   |
| 10.       | In Distributed Database if transaction can read, but cannot update that data item. It is called as  |
| Option A: | Read Lock   |
| Option B: | Write Lock  |
| Option C: | Upgradation Lock  |
| Option D: | Down gradation Lock   |
|           |   |
| 11.       | The Probability that the system can continue its normal execution according to the specification at a given point in time in spite of failures. |
| Option A: | Availability  |
| Option B: | Scalability   |
| Option C: | Reliability   |
| Option D: | Check pointing  |
|           |   |
| 12.       | 'enum' keyword used to..  |
| Option A: | Define data type range  |
| Option B: | Define a class range  |
| Option C: | Define relationship range   |
| Option D: | Define a range for an attribute   |
|           |   |
| 13.       | Which is not a consistency level of Document Database?  |
| Option A: | Bounded-staleness   |
| Option B: | Elastic   |
| Option C: | Session   |
| Option D: | Strong  |
|           |   |
| 14.       | The Most Well-Known object oriented Databases   |
| Option A: | SimpleDB  |

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| Option B: | eXist  |
| Option C: | BaseX  |
| Option D: | Objectstore  |
|           |  |
| 15.       | The characteristic of Multimedia system  |
| Option A: | High storage   |
| Option B: | Both High storage and High data rates  |
| Option C: | High data rates  |
| Option D: | Low Storage  |
|           |  |
| 16.       | Which data is primarily managed by vertical application in Mobile database?                                    |
| Option A: | Individual   |
| Option B: | Shared   |
| Option C: | Public   |
| Option D: | Private  |
|           |  |
| 17.       | XML stands for   |
| Option A: | Extensible Markup Language   |
| Option B: | Extended Markup Language   |
| Option C: | Extensive Markup Language  |
| Option D: | Exhausted Markup Language  |
|           |  |
| 18.       | Which is not a valid access control mechanism?   |
| Option A: | Discretionary Access Control   |
| Option B: | Mandatory Access Control   |
| Option C: | Role Based Access Control  |
| Option D: | Subjective Access Control  |
|           |  |
| 19.       | In statistical database, a set of tuples of a relation (table) that satisfy some selection condition called as |
| Option A: | Interinstance  |
| Option B: | Population   |
| Option C: | Infer  |
| Option D: | Integrity  |
|           |  |
| 20.       | Time based SQL injection attack is called..  |
| Option A: | Initial Exploitation   |
| Option B: | Inline Comments  |
| Option C: | Quick detection  |
| Option D: | Blind SQL Injection  |

| <b>Q2</b> | <b>Solve any Four out of Six</b>   | <b>5 marks each</b> |
|-----------|--|---------------------|
| A         | Compare B-Tree and B+ Tree with respect to their structure, advantages and disadvantages.              |                     |
| B         | Explain in detail Communication of Two Phase Commit Protocol.  |                     |
| C         | Explain Two Phase Locking Protocol in Distributed Database.  |                     |
| D         | How to manage continuous data in Spatial data models?  |                     |
| E         | Explain how authorization will be a Database Security issue? Give alternate solution in authorization. |                     |
| F         | Explain FLWR expression in XML with an example.  |                     |

| <b>Q3</b> | <b>Solve any Two Questions out of Three</b>  | <b>10 marks each</b> |
|-----------|--|----------------------|
| A         | <p>Consider the following recursive DTD.</p> <pre>&lt;!DOCTYPE parts [ &lt;!ELEMENT parts (part+)&gt; &lt;!ELEMENT part (name, subpartinfo*)&gt; &lt;!ELEMENT subpartinfo (part, quantity)&gt; &lt;!ELEMENT name ( #PCDATA )&gt; &lt;!ELEMENT quantity ( #PCDATA )&gt; ] &gt;</pre> <p><b>a.</b> Give a small example of data corresponding to the above DTD.<br/> <b>b.</b> Show how to map this DTD to a relational schema. You can assume that part names are unique, that is, wherever a part appears, its subpart structure will be the same.</p> |                      |
| B         | Discuss how Multimedia Databases used in Mobile Databases? Explain what dirty data in terms of multimedia databases is. Consider any one type of multimedia databases.   |                      |
| C         | Discuss in detail Distributed Transaction Management with an example.  |                      |