Program: BE Mechanical Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016

Examination: Final Year Semester VII

Course Code: MEC703 and Course Name: PPC

Time: 1 hour Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

Q1.	The act of preparing detailed work instructions is to produce a part is called
Q 1.	as
Option A:	Product Planning
Option B:	Process Planning
Option C:	Capacity planning
Option D:	Aggregate Planning
Q2.	The system which creates plans by means of logic, formulas, Geometry based
	data and other logical process is known as
Option A:	Retrieval type CAPP
Option B:	Generative CAPP system
Option C:	Both A and B
Option D:	None of the above
Q3.	The percentage of production line is working is called as
Option A:	Cycle time
Option B:	Throughput
Option C:	Lead Time
Option D:	Utilization Factor
Q4.	Sequencing a job in a way that the job with least processing time picked first
	is called as
Option A:	SPT rule
Option B:	EDD rule
Option C:	STR rule
Option D:	None of the above
Q5.	Sequencing a job in a way that the job in order to non-decreasing due dates
	is called as
Option A:	SPT rule
Option B:	EDD rule
Option C:	STR rule
Option D:	None of the above

Q6.	'How many are already scheduled to be available in each future.' This information can be obtained through
Option A:	Bill of Material
Option B:	Inventory Status File
Option C:	Master Production Schedule
Option D:	Planned order Release
Q7.	'When to order there amounts so that they will be available when needed' This information can be obtained through
Option A:	Bill of Material
Option B:	Inventory Status File
Option C:	Master Production Schedule
Option D:	Planned order Release
Q8.	Process selection is primarily considered during:
Option A:	Planning
Option B:	Organizing
Option C:	Leading
Option D:	Controlling
Q 9.	The responsibilities of the operations manager are:
Option A:	planning, organizing, staffing, procuring, and reviewing
Option B:	planning, organizing, staffing, directing, and controlling
Option C:	forecasting, designing, planning, organizing, and controlling
Option D:	forecasting, designing, operating, procuring, and reviewing
Q10.	Breakeven analysis is a
Option A:	Short term analysis
Option B:	Long term analysis
Option C:	Moderate
Option D:	Average term Analysis
Q11.	Which of the following layouts is suited to job production?
Option A:	Process Layout
Option B:	Product layout
Option C:	Fixed position layout
Option D:	Plant layout
Q12.	A critical activity has
Option A:	Maximum slack
Option B:	Minimum slack
Option C:	Zero slack
Option D:	Average slack

Q13.	In PPC, MRP stands for
Option A:	Material Requirement planning
Option B:	Most Retail Plan
Option C:	Measurable Retail Plan
Option D:	Mean rate plan
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Q14.	Introduction of a new product on a very small scale in a very small market is called:
Option A:	Commercialization
Option B:	Test marketing
Option C:	Market research
Option D:	Market survey
Q15.	Release of production order is called
Option A:	Expediting
Option B:	Inspection
Option C:	Dispatching
Option D:	Progressing
Q16.	Loading may be defined as
Option A:	Sending the raw material to the machine
Option B:	Sending the finished material to the store
Option C:	Assign the work to the facilities
Option D:	Uploading a software in machine control panel
Q17.	When using exponential smoothing, the smoothing constant
Option A:	Is typically between .75 and .95 for most business applications
Option B:	Indicates the accuracy of the previous forecast
Option C:	Can be determined using MAD
Option D:	Should be chosen to maximize positive bias
Q18.	When all three 'pure' capacity plans are used in combination, this is called a:
Option A:	Mixed plan
Option B:	Composite plan
Option C:	Composite strategy
Option D:	Aggregate strategy
Q19.	Resource where the scheduled work exceeds the capacity is called as
Option A:	Job lateness
Option B:	Makespan
Option C:	Bottleneck
Option D:	Tardiness
Q20.	A.B.C. analysis deals with
Option A:	Seasonality of items

Option B:	Criticality of the items
Option C:	Annual usage value of items
Option D:	Functionality of item
Q21.	Computer aided process planning is a link between
Option A:	CAD-CAE
Option B:	CAM -CAE
Option C:	CAD-CAM
Option D:	CIM-CAD
Q22.	The process of assigning tasks to workstations in such a way that, the workstations have approximately equal time requirements is called
Option A:	Line balancing
Option B:	Scheduling
Option C:	Workstation loading
Option D:	Process sequencing
Q23.	In which stage of Product life cycle the brand choice is heavily influenced by
	reference group
Option A:	Introduction
Option B:	Introduction Growth
Option B: Option C:	Introduction Growth Maturity
Option B:	Introduction Growth
Option B: Option C: Option D:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline
Option B: Option C:	Introduction Growth Maturity
Option B: Option C: Option D:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any
Option B: Option C: Option D: Q24.	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any complications is called
Option B: Option C: Option D: Q24. Option A:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any complications is called Most likely time
Option B: Option C: Option D: Q24. Option A: Option B:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any complications is called Most likely time Pessimistic time
Option B: Option C: Option D: Q24. Option A: Option B: Option C:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any complications is called Most likely time Pessimistic time Optimistic time
Option B: Option C: Option D: Q24. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any complications is called Most likely time Pessimistic time Optimistic time Project duration PERT stands for
Option B: Option C: Option D: Q24. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q25. Option A:	Introduction Growth Maturity Decline The shortest possible time if everything goes perfectly well without any complications is called Most likely time Pessimistic time Optimistic time Project duration PERT stands for Program Estimation and Reporting Technique
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