Program: BE Instrumentation Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016

Examination: Final Year Semester VIII

Course Code and Course Name: ISC 801 - Instrumentation Project Documentation & Execution

## **Specimen questionnaire**

Note to the students: -

1. All Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

2. These are only **Sample questions** on entire syllabus for practice purpose.

| Module 1  |  |
|-----------|--|
| Q1.       | Predictability helps in  |
| Option A: | Identifying the project flow or how the project is executed                        |
| Option B: | Listing the most common project types  |
| Option C: | Flagging potential problems and devising ways to reduce the financial and physical |
|           | risks inherent in the project  |
| Option D: | Listing deliverables that are typical for an I&C design project                    |
|           |  |
| Q2.       | Select the IEC International Standard for HazOp                                    |
| Option A: | 61882  |
| Option B: | S 5.1  |
| Option C: | S 88   |
| Option D: | 6882   |
|           |  |
| Q3.       | Select the one which is not a Project Deliverable of a Typical I&C project         |
| Option A: | Site and Floor Plans   |
| Option B: | Instrument database  |
| Option C: | Survey of land fill  |
| Option D: | Equipment Specifications   |
|           |  |
| Q4.       | Every project is a driven activity.  |
| Option A: | Time   |
| Option B: | Budget   |
| Option C: | Manpower   |
| Option D: | Idea   |
|           |  |
| Q5.       | The constructor is an of several entities or disciplines or groups with            |
|           | different skills.  |
| Option A: | Mismatch   |
| Option B: | Separation   |
| Option C: | Division   |
| Option D: | Amalgamation   |

| Q6.       | Select the role of engineer/consultant in commissioning task of an EPC project |
|-----------|--|
| Option A: | Raising plant requirement  |
| Option B: | Purging, Visual inspection, Punch listing, etc                                 |
| Option C: | Long-Lead Procurement  |
| Option D: | Control System design  |
| *         |  |
| Q7.       | In project scheduling, bar charts are suitable for                             |
| Option A: | Moderate works   |
| Option B: | Major works  |
| Option C: | Minor works  |
| Option D: | Large works  |
| -         |  |
| Q8.       | A monitoring techniques, that is closely related to network diagram is         |
| Option A: | Pi-chart   |
| Option B: | Gantt Chart  |
| Option C: | Bar chart  |
| Option D: | Histogram  |
| Q9.       | Project scheduling is important in project because of                          |
| Option A: | Complex task division  |
| Option B: | Complex competitions   |
| Option C: | Complex decision making  |
| Option D: | Complex coordination   |
| 1         |  |
| Q10.      | A description of a task that defines all the work required to accomplish it,   |
| -         | including inputs and desired outputs, is also known as                         |
| Option A: | Work statement   |
| Option B: | Problem statement  |
| Option C: | Work Definition  |
| Option D: | Problem Definition   |
|           |  |
| Q11.      | The designer is an of several entities or disciplines or groups with           |
|           | different skills.  |
| Option A: | Separation   |
| Option B: | Amalgamation   |
| Option C: | Division   |
| Option D: | Mishmash   |
| Q12.      | HazOp guide words (such as More, Less, After) are identified at the            |
| Option A: | Examination Phase  |
| Option B: | Follow-up Phase  |
| Option D: | Investigation and execution Phase  |
| Option D: | Initiation Phase   |
| option D. |  |

| 012       | Which of these is not one of the constraints of a project?                         |
|-----------|--|
| Q13.      | Which of these is not one of the constraints of a project?                         |
| Option A: | Scope  |
| Option B: | Resources  |
| Option C: | Team   |
| Option D: | Budget   |
|           |  |
| Q14.      | Select the role of engineer/consultant in procurement task of an EPC project       |
| Option A: | Preparing logic diagram  |
| Option B: | Installation of instruments  |
| Option C: | Interlock checking   |
| Option D: | Inspect the instruments at vendor works  |
|           |  |
| Q15.      | Select the one which is not a Project Deliverable of a Typical I&C project         |
| Option A: | Piping and Instrumentation Diagram (P&ID)  |
| Option B: | Process Flow Diagram   |
| Option C: | Pump Specifications  |
| Option D: | Plant infrastructure costing estimation  |
|           |  |
| Q16.      | Expand the following acronym: FEED   |
| Option A: | Front End Engineering Design   |
| Option B: | Front Engineering Equipment Design   |
| Option C: | Front Expansion Engineering Document   |
| Option D: | Front End Equipment Data   |
|           |  |
| Q17.      | Select the element which is not part of Engineering project team                   |
| Option A: | Customer   |
| Option B: | Designer   |
| Option C: | Constructor  |
| Option D: | Local government body  |
| 1         |  |
| Q18.      | The instrument foreman   |
| Option A: | Installs each instrument according to installation details                         |
| Option B: | Supervises installation of conduit, wire pulls, and termination at the instrument  |
| Option C: | Installs all inline devices such as control valves, magnetic flowmeters, on/off    |
| - F       | valves, and associated piping required for pressure gauges, pressure switches, and |
|           | miscellaneous devices.   |
| Option D: | Creates daily and weekly work plans and ensures proper installation procedures are |
| 1         | followed by the instrument fitter and/or mechanic.                                 |
|           |  |
| Q19.      | Five dimensions that must be managed on a project                                  |
| Option A: | Constraint, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Staff   |
| Option B: | Features, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Staff   |
| Option C: | Features, priority, Cost, Schedule, Staff  |
| Option D: | Features, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Starr   |
| Module 2  |  |
|           |  |
| Q1.       | The PFD will not have following details:   |
| <b>~</b>  |  |

| Option A: | Major connecting stream connecting main equipment                               |
|-----------|---|
| Option B: | Major unit operations involved in process                                       |
| Option C: | Tag number and stream numbers   |
| Option D: | Instrumentation involved on equipment   |
|           |   |
| Q2.       | Another synonyms for PFD is   |
| Option A: | Algorithm   |
| Option B: | Process Flow Chart  |
| Option C: | Symbolic diagram  |
| Option D: | Piping and flow diagram   |
| _         |   |
| Q3.       | Which standards are used to draw the wiring diagram?                            |
|           | M TI OL   |
|           |   |
|           | M T2 OL   |
|           |   |
|           | M T3 OL   |
|           |   |
|           |   |
| Option A: | IEC   |
| Option B: | NEMA  |
| Option C: | NFPA  |
| Option D: | IEEE  |
| 1         |   |
| Q4.       | Refer following P & ID, find field devices from following device symbols.       |
|           | FIC SP TIC                                  |
| Option A: | FT 123 and TT123  |
| Option B: | FT123 and FIC123  |
| Option C: | FT123 and TY123   |
| Option D: | TT123 and FIC123  |
|           |   |
| Q5.       | You can understand real time plant operation or data through following diagram. |
| Option A: | P&ID  |
| Option B: | Mimic Diagram   |

| Option C: | PFD   |
|-----------|---|
| Option D: | Index Sheet   |
|           |   |
| Q6.       | Which are following mounting general notation?  |
| Option A: | Panel mounted   |
| Option B: | DCS operated and panel mounted  |
| Option C: | Panel mounted and field mounted   |
| Option D: | Auxiliary panel   |
| Q7.       | What is full form of P&T diagram?   |
| Option A: | Process and Torque  |
| Option B: | Process and Temperature   |
| Option C: | Pressure and Torque   |
| Option D: | Pressure and Temperature  |
| Q8.       | Heat and mass balance is a document produced by   |
| Option A: | Mechanical Engineer   |
| Option B: | Instrumentation Engineer  |
| Option C: | Process design engineer   |
| Option D: | Civil Engineer  |
| Q9.       | In instrument identification naming convention, third letter should be                      |
| Option A: | Condition   |
| Option B: | Device/Condition  |
| Option C: | Device  |
| Option D: | Measurement   |
| Q10.      | In level transmitter specification sheet, transmitter output should be specified as         |
| Option A: | 2-wire 1-7 V DC   |
| Option B: | 3-wire 4-20 mA  |
| Option C: | 5-wire 4-20 mA  |
| Option D: | 2-wire 4-20 mA  |
| Q11.      | What is mean by connection on the element or well which is connected to the pipe or vessel? |
| Option A: | Mounting  |
| Option B: | Process connection  |
| Option C: | Insulation  |
| Option D: | Piping connection   |
| Q12.      | What is TIC-101 in terms of ISA symbol?   |

#### Option A: Temperature Indicating controller with loop no.101 Temperature Indicating controller with unit no.101 Option B: Option C: Temperature Indicating controller with 101 instruments Option D: Temperature Indicating controller with 101 is number of device Interlock between devices is noted on P&IDs with 013. Option A: Letter- 'In' in diamond Option B: Letter- 'C' in diamond Option C: Letter- 'Interlock'outside diamond shape Option D: Letter- 'I' in diamond shape ASME code is normally revised every Q14. Option A: 3 years Every year Option B: Option C: Every 6 months Option D: 5 years Q15. Project teams occur when a number of people have and recognize that their personal success is dependent on the success of others. Option A: Similar jobs A shared work environment Option B: Option C: A common goal Option D: Lead manager 016. Heat and mass balance sheet does not have following data for a process stream. Option A: Density Option B: Viscosity Option C: Flow rate Option D: Level capacity 017. In ISA specification form of turbine flow meter, output range should be Option A: 21-103kPA Option B: 1-20 Ma Option C: 20-25 psig Option D: 4-30 mA Q18. As changes to a component or system are made, the drawings depicting the component or system must be redrafted and reissued, what it is called in P & ID? Tag number Option A: Option B: Title block Option C: **Revision block** Option D: P & ID number Q19. When a valve is installed in a process where the differential pressure (drop) across the valve decreases with increasing flow, the best trim characteristic to choose in specification sheet will be:

| Option A: | Ported  |
|-----------|---|
| Option B: | Quick-opening   |
| Option C: | Equal percentage  |
| Option D: | Linear  |
| option D. |   |
| Q20.      | HazOP stands for  |
| Option A: | Hazardous area classification   |
| Option B: | Hazard and Operating Procedure  |
| Option C: | Hazardous Procedure   |
| Option D: | Hazard and fault finding  |
| option D. |   |
| Q21.      | What is 'Red line mark' in designed document?   |
| Option A: | It indicates red color for hazard locations in drawing  |
| Option B: | It reflects changes during actual installation of instrument.                                     |
| Option C: | It shows deleted item from drawing  |
| Option D: | Color may be used for simplification.   |
| <u> </u>  |   |
| Q22.      | During execution of project what is the best communicating media to provide details about design? |
| Option A: | Deliverables  |
| Option B: | Telephonic information  |
| Option C: | Reports   |
| Option D: | O&M Manuals   |
|           |   |
| Q23.      | Find the correct stage for commissioning  |
| Option A: | Initiation  |
| Option B: | Investigation   |
| Option C: | Execution   |
| Option D: | Construction  |
|           |   |
| Q24.      | ANSI stands for?  |
| Option A: | Asian Narcotics Standards Institute   |
| Option B: | American National Standards Institute   |
| Option C: | Asian National Standards Institute  |
| Option D: | American Narcotics Standards Institute  |
|           |   |
| Q25.      | Instrument Specification sheet describes  |
| Option A: | Specifications of product   |
| Option B: | Specification of plant  |
| Option C: | Specifications of instruments used  |
| Option D: | Only process data   |
| Q26.      | Which document is used as reference document for instrument specification sheet?                  |
| Option A: | Logic diagrams  |
| Option B: | Piping & Instrumentation Diagram  |
| Option D: | Loop diagrams   |
| opuoli C. |   |

| Option D:        | Loop number   |
|------------------|---|
| Q27.             | Which of the following is correct statement?  |
| Option A:        | Piping and Instrument Drawing (P&ID) includes less details than a PFD.                  |
| Option B:        | Piping and Instrument Drawing (P&ID) includes nore details than a PFD.                  |
| Option C:        | PFD includes both major and minor details of the chemical process.                      |
| Option D:        | P & ID is prepared before PFD.  |
| option D.        |   |
| Q28.             | Out of following find the one which does not relate to task of Warehousing department.  |
| Option A:        | Inspection of received item   |
| Option B:        | Checking of received item   |
| Option C:        | Payment to vendor for received item   |
| Option D:        | Storing and disbursement of received item.  |
|                  |   |
| Module 3         |   |
| Q1.              | In SAMA symbols, Automatic Signal Processing is represented with,                       |
| Option A:        | Circle  |
| Option B:        | Rectangle   |
| Option C:        | Trapezoid   |
| Option D:        | Diamond   |
| Q2.              | Common prefix arrangement for KQL   |
| Q2.<br>Option A: | Quality Control Logic   |
| Option B:        | Time quantity light   |
| Option D:        | Flow Equalizer Low  |
| Option D:        | Flow Quality Low  |
| Option D.        |   |
| Q3.              | During production of the location plan drawing, following issue should not consider,    |
| Option A:        | Reliability study   |
| Option B:        | Hazardous area classifications  |
| Option C:        | Maintenance accessibility   |
| Option D:        | Operational accessibility   |
|                  |   |
| Q4.              | Instrument Hook Up Diagram is the scope of work between Instrumentation departments and |
| Option A:        | Electrical  |
| Option B:        | Mechanical  |
| Option C:        | Civil   |
| Option D:        | Production  |
| 05               | Main numero of loop mining diagram is   |
| Q5.              | Main purpose of loop wiring diagram is,   |
| Option A:        | To show the complete electrical circuit.  |

| Option B:        | To show major equipment's in process  |
|------------------|---|
| Option D:        | To indicate material balance sheet  |
| Option D:        | To indicate piping orthographics drawing  |
| Option D.        |   |
| Q6.              | For liquid service, vent hole of Orifice plate is located at the  |
| Option A:        | Top of Orifice plate  |
| Option B:        | Bottom of Orifice plate   |
| Option C:        | Left of Orifice plate   |
| Option D:        | Right of Orifice plate  |
|                  |   |
| Q7.              | If the DP transmitter is mounted above the datum line,  |
| Option A:        | It gives span elevation   |
| Option B:        | It gives zero suppression   |
| Option C:        | It gives span suppression   |
| Option D:        | It gives zero elevation   |
| Q8.              | Electrical Installation depicts,  |
| Qo.<br>Option A: | Gasket and nut bolt connection  |
| Option B:        | Tubing and piping connection  |
| Option D:        | Cable and Conduit connections   |
| Option D:        | Junction box connection   |
| Option D.        |   |
| Q9.              | Instrument loop diagram represents end to end connections from  |
| Option A:        | The field instrument to Junction box (vice versa)   |
| Option B:        | The field instrument to Control room (vice versa)   |
| Option C:        | Junction box to Control Room (vice versa)   |
| Option D:        | Junction box to Control Room  |
| 010              |   |
| Q10.             | PSV valves are used on process vessel for the purpose of  |
| Option A:        | Monitoring pressure in line   |
| Option B:        | Releasing extra pressure through vent to protect vessel   |
| Option C:        | For indicating pressure in vessel   |
| Option D:        | It provides interlock in line pressure  |
| Q11.             | The Engineering Bill Of Material is often created by the product engineers based  |
|                  | on  |
| Option A:        | CAD drawing   |
| Option B:        | Freehand drawing  |
| Option C:        | P & ID sheet  |
| Option D:        | Loop wiring diagram   |
| 012              | In Dill of Material Deptembles will used a sub-   |
| Q12.             | In Bill of Material, Parts which will not be assembled at all in one or more variants are typically marked as DNP, stands for |
| Option A:        | Do not place  |
| Option B:        | Do not price  |
| Option D:        | Do not print  |
| Option D:        | Do not put  |
| Sphon D.         |   |
|                  |   |

| Q13.What is significance of loop wiring diagram?Option A:To provide piping and instrumentation data.Option B:To provide process data.Option C:To provide process flowOption D:To provide end to end connection information of elements involved in a lowQ14.What does the Hook Up diagram show?Option A:A drawing showing typical installation of an instrument.Option B:A drawing showing typical installation of Trays.Option C:A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.Option D:Wiring connection | Dop      |
|---|----------|
| Option C:       To provide process flow         Option D:       To provide end to end connection information of elements involved in a loc         Q14.       What does the Hook Up diagram show?         Option A:       A drawing showing typical installation of an instrument.         Option B:       A drawing showing typical installation of Trays.         Option C:       A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.         Option D:       Wiring connection                               | Dop      |
| Option D:       To provide end to end connection information of elements involved in a log         Q14.       What does the Hook Up diagram show?         Option A:       A drawing showing typical installation of an instrument.         Option B:       A drawing showing typical installation of Trays.         Option C:       A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.         Option D:       Wiring connection   | oop      |
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| Option A:A drawing showing typical installation of an instrument.Option B:A drawing showing typical installation of Trays.Option C:A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.Option D:Wiring connection  |          |
| Option A:A drawing showing typical installation of an instrument.Option B:A drawing showing typical installation of Trays.Option C:A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.Option D:Wiring connection  |          |
| Option A:A drawing showing typical installation of an instrument.Option B:A drawing showing typical installation of Trays.Option C:A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.Option D:Wiring connection  |          |
| Option C:       A drawing showing typical installation of a Junction box.         Option D:       Wiring connection   |          |
| Option D: Wiring connection   |          |
|   |          |
| Q15. AS   |          |
| Q15. AS   |          |
|   |          |
| According to this diagram, the controller is , and it is located  |          |
| Option A:Pneumatic, in the field (process) areaOption B:Electronic, on the front of the main control panel  |          |
| Option D:         Electronic, on the front of the main control panel           Option C:         Pneumatic, on the front of a secondary control panel   |          |
| Option D:         Pneumatic, on the front of the main control panel   |          |
| Option D. Fliedmatic, on the front of the main control panel  |          |
| Q16. Detailed drawing showing typical installation of an instrument in a correct is called as   | t manner |
| Option A: Process inter connection diagram.   |          |
| Option B: Hook Up Diagram.  |          |
| Option C: Process flow diagram.   |          |
| Option D: Process and Instrumentation diagram.  |          |
|   |          |
| Q17. A line diagram of a pipe system or items of equipment which includes min alarm lights or operating buttons for the relevant point or item in the system  |          |
| Option A: HMI Mimic display.  |          |
| Option B: P &ID .   |          |
| Option C: PFD.  |          |
| Option D: Hook up diagram   |          |
|   |          |

| Q18.                   | PROCESS AREA JUNCTION BOX MARSHALLING CABINET SYSTEM CABINET   |
|------------------------|--|
| Q10.                   | offensense measurements (et a measurement) and the state of the state of a state of the state of |
|                        |  |
|                        | ANALOG INPUT – REDUNDANT   |
|                        | CARLE NO   |
|                        | CABLE TYPE<br>CABLE TYPE<br>STN NO.  |
|                        | CABLE TYPE SOS LOC NODE LOC  |
|                        | TERMINAL BOARD LOC NODE TYPE   |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        | 2 WI282 GEV COLOR SEA4D  |
|                        |  |
|                        | Above loop wiring diagram is   |
| Option A:              | Electrical loop wiring diagram   |
| Option B:              | Pneumatic loop wiring diagram  |
| Option C:              | Mechanical loop wiring diagram   |
| Option D:              | Discrete loop wiring diagram   |
| 010                    |  |
| Q19.                   | A drawback to the loop diagram is  |
| Option A:              | The point to point connection between plant and control room   |
| Option B:<br>Option C: | Forward and feedback path That it is only imaginary diagram  |
| Option D:              | That it is only imaginary diagramThe way the process wiring gets cut into small packages.  |
| Option D.              | The way the process withing gets cut into small packages.  |
| Q20.                   | Loop wiring diagram does not consist,  |
| Option A:              | Junction box   |
| Option B:              | Back of panel  |
| Option C:              | Panel Front  |
| Option D:              | Air header   |
|                        |  |
| Q21.                   | The conduit and tray schedule is a chart that lists each conduit section that  |
| Option A:              | Provides a cross-reference to the cable schedule   |
| Option B:              | Provides gland size and material of construction   |
| Option C:<br>Option D: | Provides a reference to the junction box schedule<br>Provides a reference to the air header schedule   |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |
|                        |  |

| Module 4   |   |
|------------|---|
|            |   |
| Q1.        | From the following which is not a control panel type?   |
| Option A:  | Flat-face/straight  |
| Option B:  | Miniature   |
| Option C:  | Breakfront  |
| Option D:  | Console   |
|            |   |
| <u>Q2.</u> | What is historian?  |
| Option A:  | It is just history of the company   |
| Option B:  | It is software utility that logs data   |
| Option C:  | It shows previous years hardware  |
| Option D:  | It is hardware of process   |
| Q3.        | Full form of HMI is   |
| Option A:  | Human Man Interface   |
| Option B:  | Human Machine Interface   |
| Option C:  |   |
| Option D:  | Human Machine Interchange         Human Machine In charge   |
| Option D.  |   |
| Q4.        | A SIS is composed of a combination of, sensor(s), and final element(s).   |
| Option A:  | Constructor(s)  |
| Option B:  | logic solver(s)   |
| Option C:  | Designer(s)   |
| Option D:  | Manager(s)  |
| opuon 21   |   |
| Q5.        | Which of the following is not a communication network interface applicable to HMI line?   |
| Option A:  | MODBUS  |
| Option B:  | RS232   |
| Option C:  | RS422   |
| Option D:  | RJ-45   |
|            |   |
| Q6.        | The control room is where operators perform plant operations using control systems every day, and a, comfortable, and functional environment helps operators to run the plant more efficiently. |
| Option A:  | Safe  |
| Option B:  | unsafe  |
| Option C:  | defective   |
| Option D:  | extensive   |
| <b></b>    |   |

| 07         |  |
|------------|--|
| Q7.        | Safety Instrumented Systems (SIS) called by following names, excluding   |
| Option A:  | Safety Interlock Systems   |
| Option B:  | Safety Shutdown Systems (SSD)  |
| Option C:  | Basic Process Control System (BPCS)  |
| Option D:  | Emergency Shutdown Systems (ESD)   |
|            |  |
| Q8.        | Sequential Function Chart refer macrostep when execution of  |
| Option A:  | Inner loop or sequence before entering next step   |
| Option B:  | Outer loop   |
| Option C:  | Small step   |
| Option D:  | Any step is called macrostep   |
| 1          |  |
| Q9.        | approach of control workstations and the layout of the control room  |
|            | should all contribute to achieving the performance objectives set for the control  |
|            | room.  |
| Option A:  | Ergonomic design   |
| Option B:  | Simple design  |
| Option C:  | Futuristic design  |
| Option D:  | Device based design  |
|            |  |
| Q10.       | What is correct statement about CFC?   |
| Option A:  | Contains a list of networks with each network containing a set of blocks   |
| Option B:  | The blocks are connected together by lines from the outputs to the inputs, defining  |
| _          | the logic for the program  |
| Option C:  | The blocks are connected together by lines from the inputs to the outputs, defining  |
|            | the logic for the program.   |
| Option D:  | It adds the network and execution order restrictions.  |
| 011        | Which of the following is not advantage of the UMP   |
| Q11.       | Which of the following is not advantage of the HMI?  |
| Option A:  | User-friendliness of the graphical interface   |
| Option B:  | Pictures and icons allow for fast recognition, easing the problems of illiteracy   |
| Option C:  | Reduce the cost of product manufacturing, and potentially increase profit margins  |
| Option D:  | does not allow kinesthetic computer/human interaction.   |
| Q12.       | An interface should provide the operator with the general following information,   |
| $Q^{12}$ . | except   |
| Option A:  | After initiating an action within a system, the operator should be clearly informed  |
| Option A.  | of the result of their action  |
| Option B:  | The system should not inform to operator about any delay present in the system   |
| Option C:  | If an action is made in error then it should be possible to reverse such an action   |
| Option C.  | -  |
| Ontion D.  | where it would not be detrimental to plant safety to do so<br>The system should inform the operator of any deviations from sofe operating levels |
| Option D:  | The system should inform the operator of any deviations from safe operating levels   |
| Q13.       | Which of the following is not the I/O Interface form factor  |
| Option A:  | Hardware Physical Address  |
| Option B:  | Software Address   |
| Option D:  | I/O Map  |
| Option D:  | Device protocol  |
| Sphon D.   |  |

#### **Examination 2020- Inter Cluster**

| Q14.                   | Panel boards provide a compact and convenient method of grouping at some common point                                       |
|------------------------|---|
| Option A:              | Circuit switching and Protective devices  |
| Option B:              | Protective devices only   |
| Option C:              | Circuit switching only  |
| Option D:              | Annunciating devices  |
|                        |   |
| Q15.                   | The process from design to installation and construction of a control room referring to ISO 1106 4 is as follows, excluding |
| Option A:              | Conceptual Design   |
| Option B:              | Procurement   |
| Option C:              | Detailed design   |
| Option D:              | Installation and construction   |
|                        |   |
| Q16.                   | What is correct HW address format for LAN drop 02, Rack 1, Node 4, Slot 3 and Point 6?                                      |
| Option A:              | D02N04R01S03P06   |
| Option B:              | D02/N04/R01/S03/P06   |
| Option C:              | D02-N04-R01-S03-P06   |
| Option D:              | D02R01N04S03P06   |
| Module 5               |   |
| Q1.                    | An account payable is posted to accounting upon creation of the following   |
| <b>Z</b> <sup>11</sup> | document-   |
| Option A:              | Purchase Requisition note   |
| Option B:              | Purchase Order  |
| Option C:              | Good Receipt  |
| Option D:              | Invoice   |
| <b>r</b>               |   |
| Q2.                    | Which of the following is acceptance test which is carried at actual site with site condition?                              |
| Option A:              | Factory Acceptance Test   |
| Option B:              | Customer Acceptance Test  |
| Option C:              | Emergency Acceptance Test   |
| Option D:              | Product acceptance Test   |
|                        |   |
| Q3.                    | What is PO format?  |
| Option A:              | Performance Order   |
| Option B:              | Payment Order   |
| Option C:              | Purchase format   |
| Option D:              | An official order in terms of form completed by the buyer   |
|                        |   |
| Q4.                    | How do Bids work?   |

| Option A:              | Starts with a predetermined opening bid amount   |
|------------------------|--|
| Option B:              | Valuation of a property or good  |
| Option C:              | Fix price  |
| Option D:              | Pricing of a good  |
| Option D.              |  |
| Q5.                    | How are bids evaluated?  |
| Q3.<br>Option A:       | Valuation of property  |
| Option B:              | Price variation  |
| Option C:              |  |
|                        | By the process that takes place after the tender submission deadline<br>Tender submission                |
| Option D:              |  |
| 06                     | What is the meaning of pro-commissioning?  |
| Q6.                    | What is the meaning of pre commissioning?           The processes corriad out before commissioning tech. |
| Option A:<br>Option B: | The processes carried out before commissioning task  |
| Option B:<br>Option C: | The processes carried out after the final product is introduced  |
| 1                      | The processes carried out after the product is sold  |
| Option D:              | The processes carried out before the product is sold   |
| 07                     | What is purpose of inspection?   |
| Q7.<br>Option A:       | To count the material  |
| Option A:<br>Option B: | To test the material   |
| 1                      |  |
| Option C:              | To verify whether material is in proper condition and of the right quantity                              |
| Option D:              | To check price of material   |
| Q8.                    | What are the contents of PRN?  |
| Option A:              | It is list of items in project   |
| Option B:              | How to procure procedure   |
| Option D:              | What and when to procure   |
| Option D:              | What and when to procure           Name of items to be procured, quantity, suppliers name                |
| Option D.              | Ivane of items to be procured, quantity, suppliers name  |
| Q9.                    | SAT does not include the following tests   |
| Option A:              | Visual verification of the main components   |
| Option B:              | Checking of safety devices and interlocks  |
| Option C:              | Functionality of utilities and configuration verification  |
| Option D:              | Market feedback for component  |
| Option D.              |  |
| Q10.                   | The breakdown of insulation of the cable can be avoided economically by the use                          |
| <b>Q</b> 10.           | of   |
| Option A:              | Earthling  |
| Option R:              | Vacuum insulation  |
| Option D:              | Inter-sheaths and armor shield   |
| Option D:              | Grounding  |
| Sphon D.               |  |
| Q11.                   | The specification describes, defines or specifies the goods / services                                   |
| ×***                   | to be supplied   |
| Option A:              | Technical  |
| Option B:              | Purchase   |
| Option D:              | Performance  |
| Option D:              | Bid  |
| Option D.              |  |

| Q12.      | Which is not an element of procurement activity?  |
|-----------|---|
| Option A: | Purchasing  |
| Option B: | Expediting  |
| Option C: | Acquisition   |
| Option D: | Marketing   |
| Q13.      | Which of the following are inputs to the Source Selection Process?                                      |
| Option A: | Evaluation criteria, Procurement documents  |
| Option B: | Organizational policies   |
| Option C: | Management reports  |
| Option D: | Scope of work   |
| Q14.      | What do you mean tabulation of all of project items that have been found defective & must be corrected? |
| Option A: | Loop test   |
| Option B: | Punch list  |
| Option C: | Site test   |
| Option D: | Product verification  |
| Q15.      | Which are not types of tender?  |
| Option A: | Bidding tender  |
| Option B: | Open tender   |
| Option C: | Closed tender   |
| Option D: | Single tender   |
| Q16.      | Production related procurement refers to the purchasing of  |
| Option A: | Office supplies   |
| Option B: | Furniture   |
| Option D: | Information systems   |
| Option D: | Raw materials   |
| Option D: |   |
| Q17.      | Which of the following is acceptance test which is carried at actual site with site condition?          |
| Option A: | Factory acceptance test   |
| Option B: | Customer acceptance test  |
| Option C: | Side acceptance test  |
| Option D: | Product acceptance test   |
| Q18.      | The operations and maintenance manual will not have this common parts:                                  |
| Option A: | Physical parameters   |
| Option B: | Emergency procedures  |
| Option C: | Operation procedures  |
| Option D: | Maintenance procedure   |
|           |   |
| Q19.      | Planning and controlling the quality of products and services is a type of decision.                    |
|           |   |

| Option B: | Operating  |
|-----------|--|
| Option C: | Strategic  |
| Option D: | Organization   |
| option 21 |  |
| Q20.      | The main objective/s of pre-commissioning check list is to-                    |
| Option A: | Supply a close, developed uniform verification system, inspection, testing and |
| 1         | documentation preparation for the operation                                    |
| Option B: | Purchase all the necessary requirement in pre-commissioning                    |
| Option C: | Block any purchase   |
| Option D: | Take quotation for specific work   |
| 001       |  |
| Q21.      | Cable tray is nothing but the way or media through which-                      |
| Option A: | store faulty cables  |
| Option B: | keep the repaired cables   |
| Option C: | lay the field cables in plant  |
| Option D: | Cable does not keep on the device  |
| Q22.      | Quality control is aimed at:   |
| Option A: | Maintaining the desired quality  |
| Option B: | Exceeding the desired quality  |
| Option C: | Continuously improving the quality   |
| Option D: | Following the quality  |
|           |  |
| Q23.      | The contractor (seller) accepts all liability for engineering errors, poor     |
|           | workmanship, and consequential damages under a(n) contract.                    |
| Option A: | Incentive fee  |
| Option B: | Cost-plus  |
| Option C: | Fixed price  |
| Option D: | Variable production  |
|           |  |
| Q24.      | A bilateral RFP is preferred to an invitation to bid when:                     |
| Option A: | Supplier and terms are specified   |
| Option B: | The product or service is relatively low value and readily available           |
| Option C: | The product or service has high value and is unique                            |
| Option D: | The product or service has high value, but is easy to obtain                   |
| Q25.      | Which of the following are characteristics of a purchase order?                |
| Option A: | A unilateral contract used when routine, standard costly items are required    |
| Option B: | A bilateral contract used for low dollar items                                 |
| Option D: | A bilateral contract used for high dollar, standard items                      |
| Option D: | A bilateral contract used for low rupees items                                 |
| Module 6  |  |
|           |  |
|           |  |
| Q1.       | What is not the benefit of documentation?                                      |
| Option A: | Cost rise  |
| Option B: | Easier Retrieval   |
| Option C: | Better Backup and Disaster Recovery  |

| Q2.What is the use of Process data module in SPI software?Option A:Define process parametersOption B:Define Process conditions for active devicesOption C:Define process fluids onlyOption D:Loads theprocess data requiredQ3.Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?Option A:Process Flow DiagramOption D:Loop drawingOption D:Specification sheetQ4.What is SmartPlant P&ID?Option B:Is the next generation engineering environmentOption D:Specification sidustryOption D:Ordinary softwareQ5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Q5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Option A:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption C:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption A:AutocadOption B:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption B:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption D:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption B:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption A:MatlabOption C:MatlabOption C:Matlab   | Option D: | Enhanced Security  |
|---|-----------|--|
| Option A:       Define process parameters         Option B:       Define Process conditions for active devices         Option C:       Define process fluids only         Option D:       Loads theprocess data required         Q3.       Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?         Option A:       Process Flow Diagram         Option B:       Instrumentation Index Sheet         Option D:       Specification sheet         Q4.       What is SmartPlant P&ID?         Option A:       Process technique         Option C:       Method in process industry         Option D:       Is the next generation engineering environment         Option D:       Ordinary software         Q5.       What is SmartPlant electrical?         Option A:       That handles large amounts of electric power system data         Option B:       That handles large amounts of electric control system data         Option D:       That handles large amounts of electric control system data         Option D:       That controls electrical sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab |           |  |
| Option B:         Define Process conditions for active devices           Option C:         Define process fluids only           Option D:         Loads theprocess data required           Q3.         Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?           Option A:         Process Flow Diagram           Option B:         Instrumentation Index Sheet           Option C:         Loop drawing           Option D:         Specification sheet           Q4.         What is SmartPlant P&ID?           Option A:         Process technique           Option C:         Method in process industry           Option D:         Ordinary software           Q5.         What is SmartPlant electrical?           Q5.         What is SmartPlant electrical?           Option B:         That handles large amounts of electric control system data           Option C:         That handles large amounts of electric control system data           Option D:         That controls electrical sources           Q6.         Text documents prepared in           Option A:         Autocad           Option B:         Matlab                                       |           | What is the use of Process data module in SPI software?    |
| Option C:         Define process fluids only           Option D:         Loads theprocess data required           Q3.         Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?           Option A:         Process Flow Diagram           Option B:         Instrumentation Index Sheet           Option D:         Loop drawing           Option D:         Specification sheet           Q4.         What is SmartPlant P&ID?           Option B:         Is the next generation engineering environment           Option D:         Ordinary software           Q5.         What is SmartPlant electrical?           Option A:         That handles large amounts of electric power system data           Option D:         That handles large amounts of electric control system data           Option D:         That controls electrical sources           Q6.         Text documents prepared in           Option A:         Autocad           Option B:         Matlab   | Option A: | 1 1  |
| Option D:       Loads theprocess data required         Q3.       Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?         Option A:       Process Flow Diagram         Option B:       Instrumentation Index Sheet         Option C:       Loop drawing         Option D:       Specification sheet         Q4.       What is SmartPlant P&ID?         Option A:       Process technique         Option B:       Is the next generation engineering environment         Option C:       Method in process industry         Option D:       Ordinary software         Q5.       What is SmartPlant electrical?         Option B:       That handles large amounts of electric power system data         Option C:       That handles electricity requirements         Option D:       That controls electric sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab  |           |  |
| Q3.       Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?         Option A:       Process Flow Diagram         Option B:       Instrumentation Index Sheet         Option C:       Loop drawing         Option D:       Specification sheet         Q4.       What is SmartPlant P&ID?         Option B:       Is the next generation engineering environment         Option C:       Method in process industry         Option D:       Ordinary software         Q5.       What is SmartPlant electrical?         Option B:       That handles large amounts of electric power system data         Option C:       That handles large amounts of electric control system data         Option C:       That controls electricity requirements         Option D:       That controls electricity requirements         Option D:       That controls prepared in         Option A:       Text documents prepared in         Option B:       Matlab         Option B:       Matlab  |           | Define process fluids only                                 |
| Option A:Process Flow DiagramOption B:Instrumentation Index SheetOption C:Loop drawingOption D:Specification sheetQ4.What is SmartPlant P&ID?Option A:Process techniqueOption B:Is the next generation engineering environmentOption C:Method in process industryOption D:Ordinary softwareQ5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Option B:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption C:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Matlab  | Option D: | Loads theprocess data required                             |
| Option B:       Instrumentation Index Sheet         Option C:       Loop drawing         Option D:       Specification sheet         Q4.       What is SmartPlant P&ID?         Option A:       Process technique         Option B:       Is the next generation engineering environment         Option C:       Method in process industry         Option D:       Ordinary software         Q5.       What is SmartPlant electrical?         Option B:       That handles large amounts of electric power system data         Option C:       That handles large amounts of electric control system data         Option D:       That controls electrical sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab         Option B:       Matlab  | Q3.       | Which documents cannot be prepared in INTOOLS software?    |
| Option C:Loop drawingOption D:Specification sheetQ4.What is SmartPlant P&ID?Option A:Process techniqueOption B:Is the next generation engineering environmentOption C:Method in process industryOption D:Ordinary softwareQ5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Option B:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption C:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Matlab   | 1         |  |
| Option D:       Specification sheet         Q4.       What is SmartPlant P&ID?         Option A:       Process technique         Option B:       Is the next generation engineering environment         Option C:       Method in process industry         Option D:       Ordinary software         Q5.       What is SmartPlant electrical?         Option B:       That handles large amounts of electric power system data         Option C:       That handles large amounts of electric control system data         Option C:       That handles electricity requirements         Option D:       That controls electrical sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab         Option C:       Ms-office  | Option B: | Instrumentation Index Sheet                                |
| Q4.What is SmartPlant P&ID?Option A:Process techniqueOption B:Is the next generation engineering environmentOption C:Method in process industryOption D:Ordinary softwareQ5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Option B:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption C:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption C:That handles electricity requirementsOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Matlab  | Option C: | Loop drawing   |
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| Option B:Is the next generation engineering environmentOption C:Method in process industryOption D:Ordinary softwareQ5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Option A:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption B:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption C:That handles electricity requirementsOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Matlab   | `         |  |
| Option C:Method in process industryOption D:Ordinary softwareQ5.What is SmartPlant electrical?Option A:That handles large amounts of electric power system dataOption B:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption C:That handles electricity requirementsOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Matlab  | 1         |  |
| Option D:       Ordinary software         Q5.       What is SmartPlant electrical?         Option A:       That handles large amounts of electric power system data         Option B:       That handles large amounts of electric control system data         Option C:       That handles electricity requirements         Option D:       That controls electrical sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab   | -         |  |
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| Option B:That handles large amounts of electric control system dataOption C:That handles electricity requirementsOption D:That controls electrical sourcesQ6.Text documents prepared inOption A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Ms-office  | Q5.       | What is SmartPlant electrical?                             |
| Option C:       That handles electricity requirements         Option D:       That controls electrical sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab         Option C:       Ms-office  | Option A: | That handles large amounts of electric power system data   |
| Option D:       That controls electrical sources         Q6.       Text documents prepared in         Option A:       Autocad         Option B:       Matlab         Option C:       Ms-office  | Option B: | That handles large amounts of electric control system data |
| Q6.     Text documents prepared in       Option A:     Autocad       Option B:     Matlab       Option C:     Ms-office   | Option C: | That handles electricity requirements                      |
| Option A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Ms-office   | Option D: | That controls electrical sources                           |
| Option A:AutocadOption B:MatlabOption C:Ms-office   | 06        | Text documents prepared in                                 |
| Option B:     Matlab       Option C:     Ms-office  | -         |  |
| Option C: Ms-office   | 1         |  |
| 1   |           |  |
| Option D: Linex   |           |  |