Program: BE Computer Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2012

Examination: Third Year Semester VI

Course Code: CPC602 and Course Name: Software Engineering

Time: 1 hour

Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

Q1.	Which is the first step in the software development life cycle ?
Option A:	Analysis
Option B:	Design
Option C:	Problem/Opportunity Identification
Option D:	Development and Documentation
Q2.	In the Analysis phase, the development of the occurs, which is a clear statement of the goals and objectives of the project.
Option A:	documentation
Option B:	flowchart
Option C:	program specification
Option D:	design
Q3.	Which one of the following models is not suitable for accommodating any change?
Option A:	Build & Fix Model
Option B:	Prototyping Model
Option C:	RAD Model
Option D:	Waterfall Model
Q4.	Incremental Process Model is useful when
Option A:	Enough staffing is not available for the whole project
Option B:	When project is very small
Option C:	When Project cost is High
Option D:	when project is very large is size
Q5.	Extreme programming refers to
Option A:	Frequent releases in short development cycles to improve software quality

Option B:	Few releases in short development cycles to improve software quality
Option C:	only one release of the software
Option C.	
Option D:	release of the software according to completion
Q6.	Which is not a step of Requirement Engineering?
Option A:	Requirements elicitation
Option B:	Requirements analysis
Option C:	Requirements design
Option D:	Requirements documentation
Q7.	SRD stands for
Option A:	Software Requirements Definition
Option B:	Structured Requirements Definition
Option C:	Software Requirements Diagram
Option D:	Structured Requirements Diagram
Q8.	In the requirement analysis which model depicts how the software behaves as a
	consequence of external events?
Option A:	Class-Oriented models
Option B:	Scenario-based models
Option C:	Flow-oriented models Behavioral models
Option D:	
Q9.	The process to gather the software requirements from Client, Analyze and
	Document is known as
Option A:	Requirement engineering process
Option B:	Requirement elicitation process
Option C:	User interface requirements
Option D:	Software system analyst
Q10.	Which of the following is a project scheduling method that can be applied to
	software development?
Option A:	PERT
Option B:	CPM
Option C:	СММ
Option D:	Both PERT and CPM
Q11.	In size oriented metrics, metrics are developed are based on the
Option A:	Number of functions
Option B:	Number of user inputs

Number of lines of code
Amount of memory usage
A Tak set is a collection of
Task, cost estimate, metrics
Milestones, deliverable, metrics
Work tasks, milestones, deliverables
Responsibility, milestone, documents
Earned value analysis allows which stakeholder to take corrective action before a project crisis develops
End users
Tester
Support engineer
Project manager
The best type of cohesion which should be achieved by software design is
Communicational cohesion
Functional cohesion
Co-incidental cohesion
Temporal Cohesion
IEEE describes software architecture Design as
that describes the software's top level structure and recognizes its components
that describes the software's top level structure and recognizes its components
set of hardware and software components and their interfaces to set up the framework for the development of a computer system
A and B both
which of the following is not a characteristic common to all design methods?
configuration management
functional component representation
quality assessment guidelines
refinement heuristics

which of the following is not one of the five design class types
business domain classes
entity classes
process classes
user interface classes
which design is equivalent to the floor plan of a house?
architectural design
component-level design
data design
interface design
Proactive risk management strategy begins
When technical risk are identified
When business risk occur
When potential risks are identified
long before technical work is initiated.
Software Configuration management is an activity that is applied
throughout the software development life cycle.
throughout the Testing Life cycle.
throughout the design phase
throughout the requirement analysis phase
As a tester which of the following will come under product risk if you are testing
an e-commerce website
Shortage of testers
Many changes in SRS that caused changes in test cases
Delay in fixing defects by development team
Failure to transfer a user to secure gateway while paying
What is associated with the Product Risk?
Control of test item
Negative consequences
non-availability of test environment
Test object
White Box techniques are also classified as
Design based testing
Structural testing
Error guessing technique

Q24.	What type of software testing is generally used in Software Maintenance?
Option A:	Regression Testing
Option B:	System Testing
Option C:	Integration Testing
Option D:	Unit Testing
Q25.	verifies that all elements mesh properly and overall system
Option A:	Integration testing
Option B:	Validation testing
Option C:	Unit testing
Option D:	System Testing