## Program: BE Information Technology Engineering

## Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016

## Examination: Second Year Semester IV

Course Code: SEITC 405
Time: 1-hour

Course Name: AUTOMATA THEORY
Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students: - All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

| Q1. | Which of the following is not a finite automata? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option A: | NFA |
| Option B: | DFA |
| Option C: | Epsilon -NFA |
| Option D: | TFA |
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| Q2. | The given DFA accepts which of the following: |
|  | start $\rightarrow$ |
| Option A: | All Strings starting with 1 |
| Option B: | All Strings ending with 1 |
| Option C: | All Strings starting with 0 |
| Option D: | All Strings ending with 0 |
|  | Which of the following should be the final state if the given DFA is to accept all <br> strings ending with 01? |
| Q3. |  |


|  | (a) $q_{0}$ <br> (b) $q_{1}$ <br> (c) $q_{2}$ <br> (d) $q_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | (a) |
| Option B: | (b) |
| Option C: | (c) |
| Option D: | (d) |
| Q4. | Given an NFA with $n$ states, the minimum number of states in equivalent DFA is <br> (a) $n$ <br> (b) $2^{n}$ <br> (c) $n^{2}$ <br> (d) None of the above |
| Option A: | (a) |
| Option B: | (b) |
| Option C: | (c) |
| Option D: | (d) |
| Q5. | Push down automata accept____languages. |
| Option A: | Type 3 |
| Option B: | Type 2 |
| Option C: | Type 1 |
| Option D: | Type 0 |


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| :--- | :--- |
| Q6. | Which of the following is not a part of the context free grammar? |
| Option A: | End symbol |
| Option $\mathrm{B}:$ | Start symbol |
| Option C: | Variable |
| Option $\mathrm{D}:$ | Production |
|  |  |
| Q7. | Which of the following turning machine does not perform? |
| Option A: | Copying the string |
| Option B: | Deleting a symbol |
| Option C: | Accepting language |
| Option $\mathrm{D}:$ | Inserting symbol |
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| Q8. | The given DFA accepts |
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| Option A: | 1000101 |
| Option B: | 111010111 |
| Option C: | 1100001 |
| Option D: | 1000110 |
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| Q10. | Which of the following statements is correct? |
| Option A: | The intersection of two regular language is a regular language |
| Option B: | The complement of two regular language is never a regular language |
| Option C: | The union of two regular language is not necessarily a regular language |
| Option D: | None of this |
|  |  |
| Q11. | Which of the following is true? |
| Option A: | Every subset of a regular set is regular |
| Option B: | Every finite subset of a non-regular set is regular |
| Option C: | The union of two non-regular set is not regular |
| Option D: | Infinite union of finite sets is regular |
| Q12. | Which regular expression denotes the language consisting of 0's and 1's that |
| start with 01 and end with 0? |  |


|  | (a) $\left(01(0+1)^{-0}\right)^{-}$ <br> (b) $01(10)^{* 0}$ <br> (c) $(01) *(0+1) 0^{*}$ <br> (d) $01(\mathrm{O}+1) * 0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | (a) |
| Option B: | (b) |
| Option C: | (c) |
| Option D: | (d) |
| Q13. | If $L_{1}=\left\{a^{n} \mid n \geq 0\right\}$ and $L_{2}=\left\{b^{n} \mid n \geq 0\right\}$ consider <br> I $L_{1} \cdot L_{2}$ is a regular language <br> II $L_{1} \cdot L_{2}=\left\{a^{n} b^{n} \mid n \geq 0\right\}$ <br> Which of the following is true? |
| Option A: | Only I |
| Option B: | Only II |
| Option C: | Only I and II |
| Option D: | Neither I nor II |
| Q14. | Which of the following statement(s) are true? <br> I: Every left recursive grammar can be converted to a right recursive grammar and vice-versa <br> II: All Epsilon productions can be removed from any context-free grammar by suitable transformations <br> III: The derivation trees of strings generated by a context-free grammar in Chomsky Normal Form are always binary trees |
| Option A: | I, II \& III |
| Option B: | II \& III |
| Option C: | I \& III |
| Option D: | III |
| Q15. | Let $G$ be a CNF.To derive a string of terminals of length $x$, the number of productions to be used is |
| Option A: | 2x-1 |
| Option B: | 2x |


| Option C: | $2 \mathrm{x}+1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option D: | 2 power of $x$ |
| Q16. | Every grammar in Chomsky Normal Form is |
| Option A: | Context free |
| Option B: | Regular |
| Option C: | Context sensitive |
| Option D: | Recursive |
| Q17. | Given grammar- |
|  | $\mathrm{G}:(1) S \rightarrow A S(2) S \rightarrow A A S(3) A \rightarrow S A(4) A \rightarrow a a$ |
|  | Which of the following productions denies the format of CNF? |
| Option A: | 2,4 |
| Option B: | 1,3 |
| Option C: | 1,2,3,4 |
| Option D: | 2,3,4 |
| Q18. | Push down automata uses which data structure? |
| Option A: | Queue |
| Option B: | Linked List |
| Option C: | Stack |
| Option D: | Array |
| Q19. | With reference to the process of conversion of a context free grammar to CNF, the number of variables to be introduced for the terminals are: |
| Option A: | 3 |
| Option B: | 4 |
| Option C: | 2 |
| Option D: | 5 |


| Q20. | For the given Mealy machine, what is the output sequence for the input sequence 01001? |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | 10011 |
| Option B: | 10010 |
| Option C: | 10001 |
| Option D: | 10000 |
| Q21. | For a given moore machine ,to produce output sequence 11101, which input sequence is given |
| Option A: | 01110 |
| Option B: | 00111 |
| Option C: | 11101 |
| Option D: | None of above |
| Q22. | Which statement is false? |
| Option A: | Output of Moore machine depends on state only |
| Option B: | Output of mealy machine depends on transition state only |


| Option C: | DFA is a Moore machine |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option D: | Moore machine can be converted to Mealy and vice versa |
|  |  |
| Q23. | Which of the following can accept even palindrome over \{a,b\} |
| Option A: | Push down Automata |
| Option B: | Turing machine |
| Option C: | NDFA |
| Option D: | Deterministic PDA |
|  |  |
| Q24. | According to Chomsky hierarchy, which of the following is adopted by <br> Recursively Enumerable language? |
| Option A: | Type 0 |
| Option B: | Type 1 |
| Option C: | Type 2 |
| Option D: | Type 3 |
|  |  |
| Q25. | The value of n if Turing machine is defined using n-tuples: |
| Option A: | 6 |
| Option B: | 7 |
| Option C: | 8 |
| Option D: | 5 |

